## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for treating bladder disease in a subject, said method comprising:

administering intravesically to a subject a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

a therapeutic amount of a compound selected from the group consisting of:
(1) a compound having the formula

wherein Q is a group of the formula

$$-CH_2-CH_2-$$
 ,  $-CH=CH-$  or  $C$ 

R and  $R^1$  are each independently  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $R_1$  is thienyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl and  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion; (2) a compound having the formula

wherein X is a physiologically acceptable ion; (3) a compound having the formula

wherein X is a physiologically acceptable ion; (4) a compound having the formula

$$S$$
 $OH$ 
 $CO$ 
 $CO$ 
 $A$ 

wherein  $R_1$  is 2-thienyl or cyclopentyl, and A is  $3\alpha$ -(6,7-dehydro)-tropanyl methobromide,  $3\beta$ -tropanyl methobromide, or  $3\alpha$ -(N-isopropyl)-nortropanyl methobromide; (5) a compound having the formula

wherein R is an optionally halo- or hydroxyl-substituted  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group,  $R^1$  is a  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group, or R and  $R^1$  together form a C  $_{4-6}$  alkylene group;  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion, and  $R_1$  is H, OH,  $CH_2OH$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy; (6) a compound having the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
\\
C \\
C \\
R_1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
X^{-} \\
C \\
R^{1-} \\
R^{+} - R
\end{array}$$

wherein R is an optionally halo- or hydroxy-substituted  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl group,  $R^1$  is a  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl group, or R and  $R^1$  together form a  $C_{4-6}$ - alkylene group,  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion and  $R_1$  is H, OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>OH,  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl, or  $C_{1-4}$  –alkoxy; (7) a compound having the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline \\ C & & \\ \hline \\ C & & \\ \hline \\ C & \\ \hline \\ C & \\ \\ C & \\ C &$$

(8) a compound having the formula

and (9) a compound having the formula

wherein X is a physiologically acceptable anion and

an additive which enhances adherence of said compound to the subject's bladder-wall and prolongs duration of action compared to when the compound is not in a composition containing the additive.

2. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

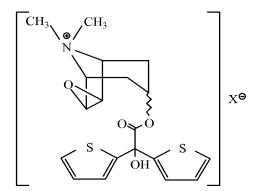
wherein Q is a group of the formula

$$-CH_2-CH_2-$$
,  $-CH=CH-$  or  $C$ 

R and  $R^1$  are each independently  $C_{1^{-4}}$ -alkyl,  $R_1$  is thienyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, and  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion.

- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein R is  $CH_3$ ,  $C_2H_5$ , n- $C_3H_7$ , or i- $C_3H_7$  and  $R^1$  is  $CH_3$ .
  - 4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein  $R_1$  is thienyl.

- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein X is Br or CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula



wherein X<sup>-</sup> is a physiologically acceptable ion.

7. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

wherein X is a physiologically acceptable ion.

8. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

$$S$$
 $OH$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $CO$ 
 $O-A$ 

 $R_1$  is 2-thienyl or cyclopentyl, and A is  $3\alpha$ -(6,7-dehydro)-tropanyl methobromide,  $3\beta$ -tropanyl methobromide, or  $3\alpha$ -(N-isopropyl)-nortropanyl methobromide.

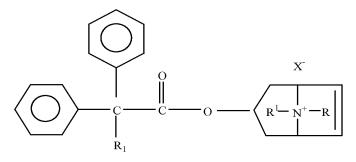
- 9. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 8, wherein  $R_1$  is 2-thienyl and A is  $3\alpha$ -(6,7-dehydro)-tropanyl methobromide.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 8, wherein  $R_1$  is 2-thienyl and A is  $3\beta$ -tropanyl methobromide.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 8, wherein  $R_1$  is cyclopentyl and A is  $3\alpha$ -(N-isopropyl)-nortropanyl methobromide.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \\
Ph \\
Ph \\
R_1
\end{array}$$

$$O \begin{array}{c}
R - N^+ - R^1 \\
O \\
X^- \\
Y^- \\
Y^-$$

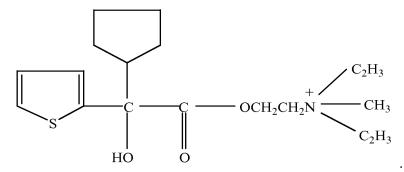
wherein R is an optionally halo- or hydroxyl-substituted  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group,  $R^1$  is a  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl group, or R and  $R^1$  together form a C  $_{4-6}$  alkylene group;  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion, and  $R_1$  is H, OH,  $CH_3$ ,  $CH_2OH$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.

- 13. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 12, wherein X is bromide.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 12, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>OH.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 12, wherein R is methyl and R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or i-propyl.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula



wherein R is an optionally halo- or hydroxy-substituted  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl group,  $R^1$  is a  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl group, or R and  $R^1$  together form a  $C_{4-6}$ - alkylene group,  $X^-$  is a physiologically acceptable anion and  $R_1$  is H, OH,  $CH_2OH$ ,  $C_{1-4}$  –alkyl, or  $C_{1-4}$  –alkoxy.

- 17. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 16, wherein X is bromide.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 16, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is OH, CH<sub>3</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>OH.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 16, wherein R is methyl and R<sup>1</sup> is methyl, ethyl, n-propyl or i-propyl.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula



21. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound has the formula

wherein X is a physiologically acceptable anion.

- 23. (Original) The method according to claim 22, wherein X is a bromide.
- 24. (Canceled)
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 24, wherein the prolonged duration of action is at least about three weeks.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises an additive is selected from the group consisting of carboxymethyl celluloses, glycosaminoglycans, pentosan polysulfate, and heparin.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the subject has a condition selected from the group consisting of urge incontinence, cystitis, bladder dysfunction of multiple sclerosis, benign prostatic hyperplasia, myelomeningocele, spinal cord injury, dementia where antimuscarinic medications are contraindicated, parkinsonism, and inability to tolerate systemic effects of antimuscarinic medications.

- 28. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the additive enhances viscosity or promotes entry into or adherence of the compound to the bladder wall.
- 29. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the additive is a liposome in which the compound is contained.
- 30. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the additive alters the surface of the bladder to foster and/or enhance access of the compound to the bladder.
- 31. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the additive is a protamine.
- 32. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the additive enhances viscosity of the compound.
- 33. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the additive promotes entry of the compound into the bladder wall.
- 34. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the additive promotes adherence of the compound to the bladder wall.